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The Rise of Women in India: The impact of consumer businesses

An overview of the role that Arisaig's consumer businesses play in the rise of women in India

Feb 2025









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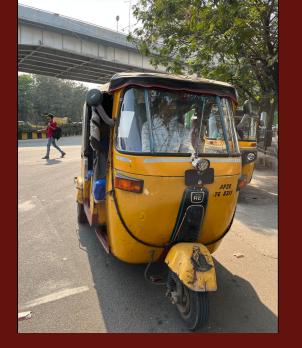
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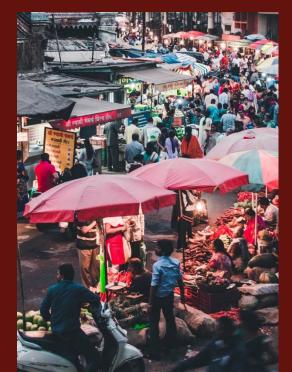
Content

- 1 Why is the rise women in India important to Arisaig's portfolio?
- What is changing for women in India?
- What role will our holdings play in this?

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1. Why is the rise women in India important to Arisaig's portfolio?









India consumer landscape: who are Arisaig investing in?

Below consuming

400mn people



Household income < USD 300 per month

Lower middle class

600mn people



Household income USD 300 to 1,200 per month

Middle class and above

400mn people



Household income > USD 1,200 per month

Dual Income can be a way in which a household moves from Lower Middle Class to Middle Class

Illustrative

Lower middle class

Location Indore, tier 2 city

Number of members Four

Number of rooms Two

Monthly household income USD 300

Source of income Husband is a supervisor in a textile shop

Source: Arisaig Partners

Illustrative

Middle class

Location
Jaipur, tier 2 city

Number of members Five

Number of rooms Four

Monthly household income USD 800

Source of income Husband owns a distribution business, wife is a teacher



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4x spend on categories when women work

Feminine Hygiene



Spend/month USD 20 cents Usage 3/month when heading out



Spend/month
USD 1
Usage

10/month throughout period





Apparel



Spend USD 15 * 3 occasions

Purchase 1/2 clothes from informal outlets



Spend USD 25 * 6 occasions

Purchase 3/4 branded apparel from organised shops



TRENT
GO COLORS!

Beauty & Personal Care



Spend USD 6 * 4 occasions

Usage 3-4 semi-branded products



Spend USD 10 * 12 occasions

Usage Pattern 10-12 premium products





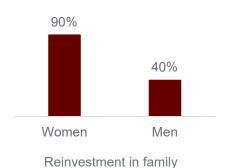
Source: Arisaig Partners

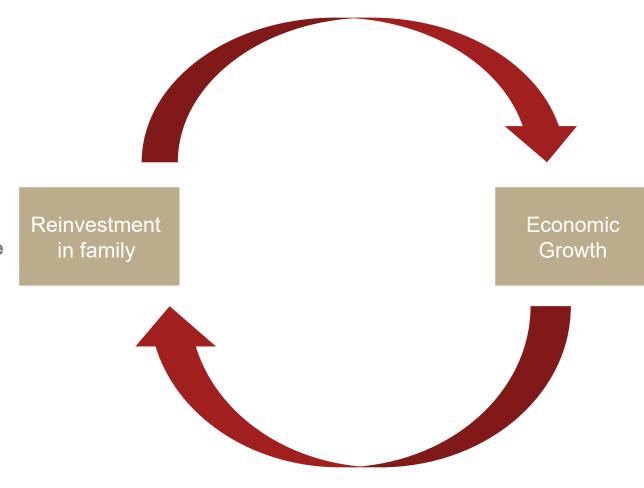
The bigger picture impact of financial empowerment of women

There are broad based positive impacts of women in jobs

Studies in India reveal that women invest about 90% of their earnings in their families, covering education, health, and nutrition.

This is aligned to global data from McKinsey Global Institute and is more than twice the level that men invest.





McKinsey Global
Institute report states
that India could add
\$770 billion to its GDP
by 2025 (c.18% of FY25
GDP) just by enabling
women to enter the
workforce at the same
rate as men.

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2. What is changing for women in India?







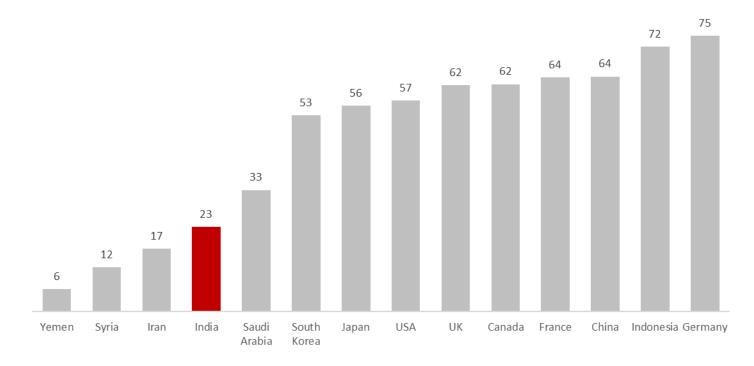


What is changing for women in India?

- 1 Structural Changes: Fertility Rate & Education Levels
- 2 Societal Changes: Family Structures and Social Media
- Nature of Jobs: *Rise of Services and Women in Manufacturing*
- 4 Political Support: Policies and Reservations

Female workforce participation in India is low

Urban workforce participation is low at c.23% with the bias is strong to 'caregiving' roles

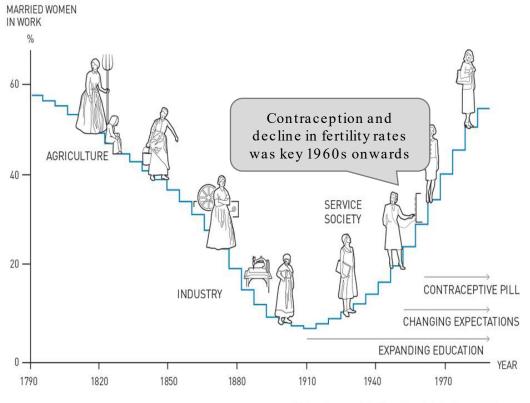


Female Workforce Participation (%)

1

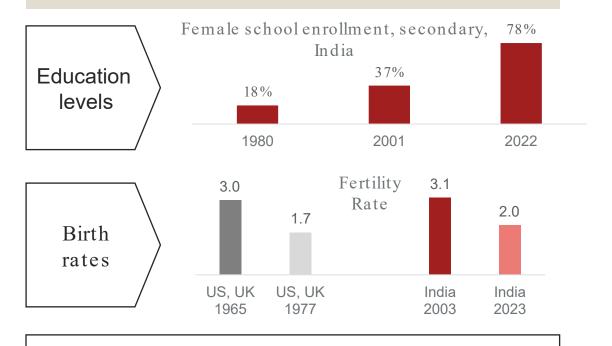
Big Picture: Workforce participation will rise

Nobel Laureate Claudia Goldin's won the Nobel Prize for her work establishing the 'U shape' curve in the labour market. It highlighted the phases of development for women working in the US over the last 200 years.



©Johan Jarnestad/The Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences

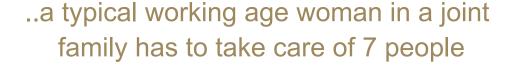
Signals of change from a very low base in India with rising number of women, education and falling birth rates

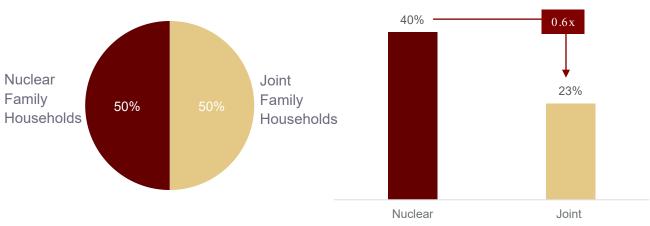


Fertility rates in India have declined similar to what happened in the US and UK in the 1960s-70s

2 Societal Changes: Joint Family Changes

Women in joint families are less likely to work because..

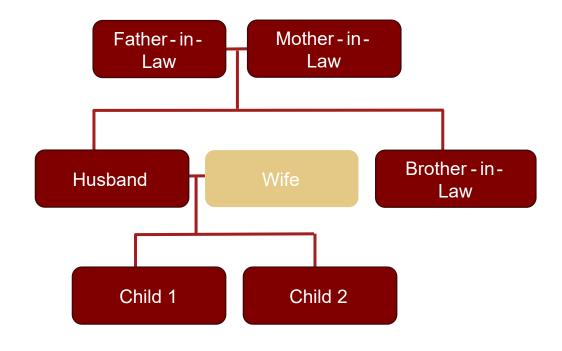




Split of Indian Households

Households in joint families have fallen significantly from 63% in 2008

% of women working based on family structure



Source: Kantar, Arisaig analysis

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2 Societal Changes: Social Media

250mn Indian women on WhatsApp 210mn Indian women on Youtube 120mn Indian women on Instagram







Women's Empowerment in India | Preity Z



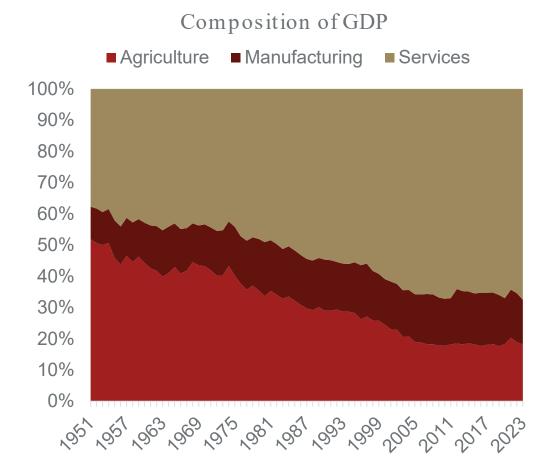
The Surprising Truth About Their \$13B Net Worth! Nykaa's Falguni Nayar & Adwaita Reveal It All.

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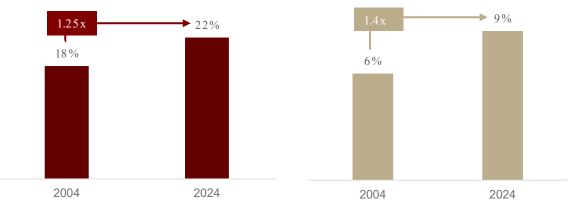
Breaking barriers: Women empowerment in the digital age | Shubhi Bhandari | TEDxMIT Ujjain

Source: Statista, Arisaig analysis

Service sector rising and so employment opportunities improving



Women's participation in services has increased by 40% since 2004



% of Urban Women Working

% of Urban Women Employed in Services (as a subset of Urban Women Working)

Change is likely to be slow though, working women are still 1.8x more likely to be employed in agriculture than working men.

Manufacturing + Women only factories

Ola's Future Factory

- Largest integrated and automated electric 2 —wheeler manufacturing plant in India.
- Located in a Tier 2 town of Krishnagiri, Tamil Nadu
- 10,000 women employed at capacity with aim to take it up to 20,000
- Women represent 100% of the workforce on the manufacturing shop floor

5 out of 6 jobs created in manufacturing over the last 5 years went to women!

4 Policies and Regulations

Viksit Bharat 2047: 70% of women to be in economic activities by 2047 as part of the Developed India vision

Employment & Entrepreneurship

- Reservations: 33% of all seats reserved for women, in addition to 50% reservation for women representatives in Panchayati Raj Institutions (village governance)
- Women Entrepreneurs: Easier access to collateral free 'MUDRA' loans for female entrepreneurs with lower interest rates

Women focused benefits

- Cash Transfer: USD10-20 transferred to 91mn women ever month by state governments
- Financial Access: 55% of new account holders under the 'Jan Dhan Yojana' (universal banking scheme of 2014) are women.
- Maternity Benefits: Mandatory provision of creche facilities by firms with 50+ employee and option to work from home post 26 week maternity leave since 2017.
- Addressing Female Health: Free LPG connections to lower income women to reduce health risk from traditional cooking methods from 2016.

Case Study from Upper Middle Class in Tier 2 India

Home-Maker



Location

Gwalior, Madhya Pradesh (Tier 2 City)

Background:

B.A. Geography Arranged marriage at 21, Joint Family

Key Obstacles

"I wanted to work but had to take care of my husband's parents"

Agency

"My husband gives me money every month to run the house, I don't access the bank account"

"I use apps only from my husband's phone"

Aims for Children

"If I was earning, I would have spent on my children's education"

"If I won the lottery, I would spend on my daughter's education. I would let my daughter delay marriage till 28 to complete her education."

Source: Arisaig Partners



Nurse

Location

Gwalior, Madhya Pradesh (Tier 2 City)

Background:

B.Sc. Nursing
Arranged marriage at 21, Joint -> Nuclear
Family

Key Enablers

"I was inspired by female relatives who worked in the police."

"I had relatives who helped me with taking care of my children and had flexible hours from work."

Agency

"My in-laws asked me to wear a saree, but I stopped when we moved cities for my work." "I own my phone and order from Amazon frequently, paying with UPI".

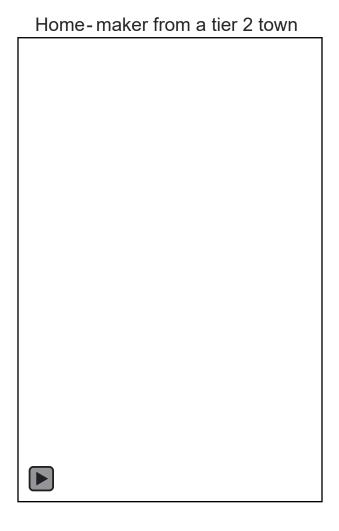
Aims for Children

"I treat my daughter and son as equal."

"My daughter is studying to be a lawyer; she

should feel free to do a love marriage at 25 - 26."

Challenges with Women Working

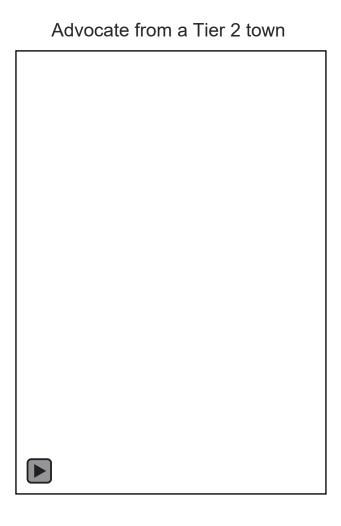


• Expectations post Marriage: Married women, especially early in their marriage, are expected to spend time at home to take care of the family and husband.

"My husband won't eat if I am not at home"

- Career Break: Post marriage, especially as many women move cities or childbirth.
- Children: Women expected to be primary care givers, working women also felt guilty about lower time spent with children.
 "Housewives are considered all - in- one"
- Nature of Jobs: Women's jobs in entry level roles (e.g. cashiers) aren't considered essential, government jobs are the only respectable options in tier 2 towns which are very competitive.
- Lack of Inspiration: Some felt their husband's income was enough or they were content with spending time on social media or OTT platforms.

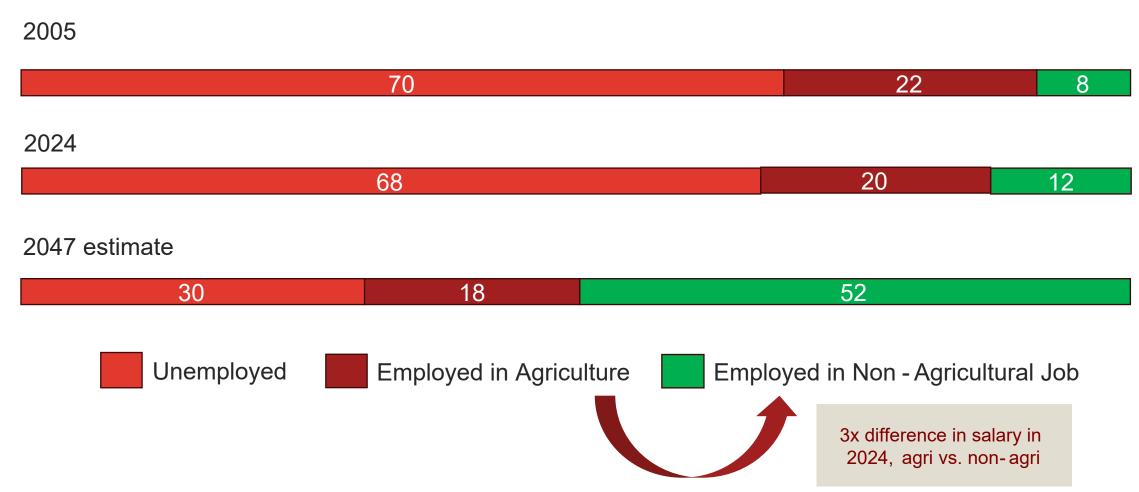
Enablers of Women Working



- Determination: Through conversations, it was evident that it is not easy to work as a woman in India and requires real mental commitment.
 - "Women have to be very ziddi (stubborn) that they will continue to work"
- Support Networks: Understanding in laws in joint family set ups can be a huge helping hand with kids, especially as creches / day care aren't accessible or favoured by Indian households.
- Male Family Members: Husband and father/ in law are very important to convince the family to let the woman work.
- Nature of Jobs: Flexibility, proximity of workplace to home, remote opportunities —e.g. some did night shift remote jobs with US organisations.
- Female Role Models: Relatives / Friends / Neighbours who are employed

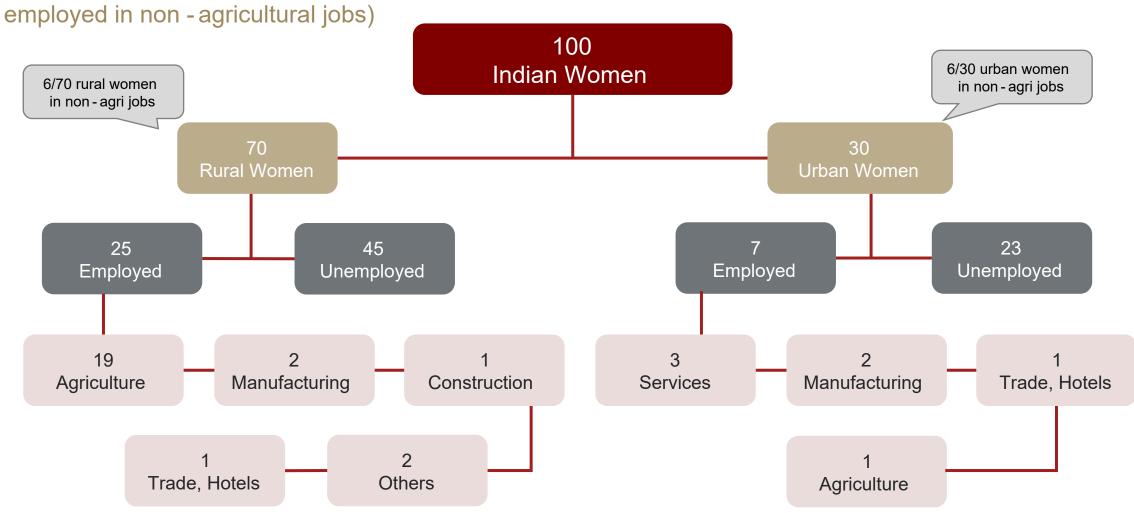
What does this mean?

Female Representation in the Indian Workforce (%)



What does this mean?

Whilst rural employment is 1.6x higher, urban women are 3.6x likely to be meaningfully employed (i.e.



Impact of Women Working

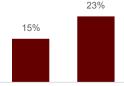
Agency

- Women who work usually dressed more modernly – e.g. kurta pyjama instead of a saree.
- These women had access to bank accounts directly as opposed home-makers who had to ask their husbands for money.
- Working women felt that their decision making abilities and confidence was higher than unemployed women.

Savings & Spends

- Women formed 20 40% of HH income. In families with husbands in business, the wife provided steady income for the household.
- 50% of these women made their own investing decisions.
- Working women spent 4x more on female-centric categories, reinvested in children (health and education) and saved for retirement and travel.

More women are investing in mutual funds, with higher amounts and are longer - term in their investment outlook.



March'17 March'24 Share of Women in MF AUM (%) 25%
Higher amount invested per woman investor



37%Higher corpus on an average by a female investor



22%Higher 5-year persistency among women

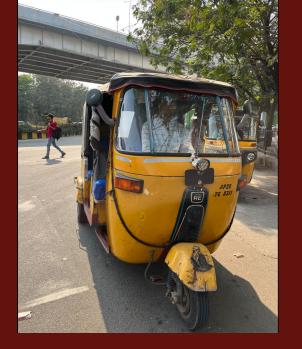
Family

- 95% of interviewed women wanted their daughters to work.
 "I want my daughter to become a boxer or a police officer!"
- Women were willing to delay their daughter's marriages by 5+years to enable a stable career foundation.
 "I want my son to marry a working"
 - "I want my son to marry a working woman, I will support them by making their lunch boxes"
- Working women felt greater respect from their children, who treated them as equal to their father. They served as role models for their daughters as well.

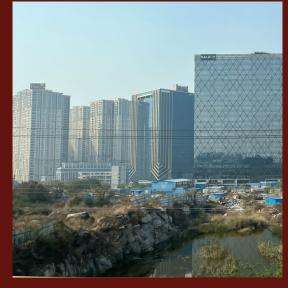
Source: Axis Report, AMFI, Arisaig Partners

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3. What role will Arisaig's portfolio play?









2023 job creation

14,500 jobs created by our portfolio companies, paying 2.7x of female urban average wage

Female Employees				
Company	FY23	FY24	Jobs Created	FY24 Salary / Month (USD)
Avenue Supermarts	22917	27734	4817	291
Trent	6273	10797	4524	198
Jubilant Foodworks	10138	11550	1412	177
Medplus	5230	6376	1146	160
Godrej Consumer	1647	2277	630	689
Nestle India	1786	2281	495	1,085
CAMS	1898	2329	431	211
Go Fashion	2170	2587	417	174
Dabur	767	957	190	973
Mrs. Bectors	724	904	180	135
Nykaa	1408	1573	165	587
Info Edge	2339	2421	82	688
Indiamart	954	993	39	417
Map My India	125	149	24	581
Indigo Paints	114	132	18	350
P&G HH	175	174	-1	3,585
Astral	171	161	-10	424

Theory of change: Women's Employment in India for DMart

Problem statement

- Urban Female Labour Force Participation Rate (FLFPR) is low in India at 22%
- There are a lack of safe entry level jobs for women, which provide consistent and reasonable pay and benefits
- This prevents the participation of women in the workforce

Theory of change: How Dmart provides solutions

Business activities 8 strategies

Conscious focus on being an equal opportunity employer and providing stable salary and benefits

Providing a supportive and harassment-free environment for female employees

Ensuring strong female representation on the board

Outcomes

Above avg. female workforce representation of 38%.

All employees paid above minimum wage and 25% above avg. urban female wage.

High retention post maternity leave and low female employee turnover

25% of women on the Board, providing representation at the top

Societal impacts

Women have access to a safe career opportunity across tier 1 and tier 2+ towns

Stable salary payouts provide women with greater financial independence and opportunities for reinvestment in family

Female employees serve as role models for other women in their communities

Avenue Supermarts: Employee Interview

DMart Store Employee in Mumbai: "My priority with my job was personal safety."



From Mumbai, Maharashtra

Background B.A. Arts 22, Single Nuclear family

Experience

Working with DMart as an in-store employee since 2020 Promoted to Asst. Store Manager in 2024 9hrs/day x 6 days/ week

Role

Store maintenance Supervising 2 employees Inventory management and stocking

Income

USD200/month Income has grown by 10% total since 2020 No health insurance or other perks

What enabled you to work?

My father passed away at an early age and my mother has been running a restaurant since to support the household. I had to start working alongside college for us to just afford rent. Since my mother was working, my brother and I were treated as equal and had similar household responsibilities.

Why did you choose Dmart?

My <u>sister worked the</u> re and recommended it to me. My female friends have worked in other organisations where they have faced sexual assault, immense work pressure and delayed / non - payment of salaries. Some have had to escalate matters to the police as well. So <u>my priority with my job was personal safety</u>.

How has your experience been with Dmart?

It is a good organisation, which <u>pays timely</u> although the salary amount is average. I had some troubles with male co - workers earlier but I escalated it to management and they were fired. The presence of female co - workers is also reassuring and makes me feel safe. I've become more confident in my communication skills and business knowledge since I started working.

What would you do if money was not a constraint?

I would <u>study further</u> and build skills such as MS Excel and Accounting which would allow me to get a <u>better job</u> or sit for administrative services exams. I would also better support my mother financially.

Theory of change: Women's Employment in India for Nykaa

Problem statement

- Urban Female Labour Force Participation Rate (FLFPR) is low in India at 22%
- Gender stereotypes and lack of flexible, culturally relevant support for women in the workforce has led to poor representation and advancement of women in corporate India
- These factors, along with low confidence, has also contributed to lack of women entrepreneurs in India

Theory of change: How Nykaa provides solutions

Business activities & strategies

Conscious focus on being an equal opportunity employer across levels

Providing a supportive work environment for women with flexibility, L&D and mentorship opportunities

Ensuring strong female ownership and representation at senior levels

Outcomes

Women form 53% of employees and are paid 3x of average urban wage. Gender pay gap is +/-1% from benchmark.

100% return to work for women post maternity leave

40% female Board representation and >50% company ownership by Falguni (founder) & family

Societal impacts

Women have access to highgrowth and high-pay employment opportunities, enabling career advancement and financial self-sufficiency

Female employees serve as role models for other women in their communities

Falguni acts as a role model for current and to-be female entrepreneurs

Nykaa: Employee Interviews

Nykaa HQ employees in Mumbai: "Gender has never been an obstruction or a differentiator"



From Mumbai, Maharashtra

Background
MBA from a Premium Business School
29, Married at 27 in a Nuclear Family

Role:

Chief of Staff to CEO, Private Label

Income Bracket:

c.USD 3,000/month + benefits



From Delhi and Dubai

Background
BA from Overseas, PR Course in India
27, Single

Role:

Assistant Manager, PR

Income Bracket:

c.USD 1,500/month + benefits

Source: Arisaig Partners

What inspired them to work?

Female role models are critical. Primarily, working mothers who have balanced home and work life or senior leaders at work who serve as inspiration. Financial independence is an important driver in this strata too, women are not keen on asking male members of the family for money and like to be equal contributors.

What challenges do they still face?

For single women in this economic and social strata, gender is a non_factor_— it does not lead to any challenges at the workplace. Married women are still expected to take on a disproportionate share of home responsibilities_. Women who have children still rely on family and household help, formal structures such as day care centres are still not very accessible.

How does Nykaa hire and retain women better than other companies?

Apart from senior women leaders inspiring young talent, presence of like minded women at work provide them with shared experiences and learnings. Flexibility and opportunities for internal job rotation are also important factors in retention.

Where would you spend if your salary increased by 20%?

Discretionary categories such as beauty and fashion where spends are currently USD 60/month. Another big area of spends was travel. Women in this segment also invested individually and would direct their savings there.

Arisaig Partners India 2X Assessment



70% of India Portfolio qualifies under 2X, which is a globally recognized assessment on whether a company is supporting the economic development of women across multiple criteria

Entrepreneurship

- Founders: 3 female founded businesses, up from 1 in 2023
- Ownership: 1 majority female owned business and female founded business -Nykaa



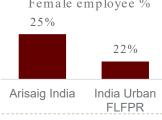
Leadership

- Board Representation: 25% portfolio average; Nestle India and GCPL have 50% female board representation
- Senior Management: 10% portfolio average; half our holdings have no women in senior management roles



Employment

- Employee Representation: 25% portfolio average, above urban national FLFPR and up 200bps year on- year
- Attrition: 65% companies have higher female attrition than male; avg. female employee retention post maternity is 75%



Consumption

- P&G H&H: 336mn menstruating women in India, with sanitary pad penetration of <20%. P&G directly reaches at least 30mn women with it's 50% market share.
- The Whisper School Program has been running close to three decades and has educated c.25 million girls about menstruation and menstrual hygiene across the country since 1995.

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